

Palaeolithic	The first era of the Stone Age – or ‘The Old Stone Age’
Mesolithic	The second era of the Stone Age – or ‘The Middle Stone Age’.
Neolithic	The third and final era of the Stone Age – or ‘The New Stone Age’.
BC	BC stands for ‘Before Christ’ and means the number of years before the year 0 – when Christians believe Jesus was born.
AD	AD stand for ‘Ano Domini’ – which means ‘in the time of our Lord’. AD is used for all years after the year 0 .
Prehistoric	Before people could read or write. We only know what happened thanks to artefacts left behind.
Artefact	An object made by a human being.
Archaeologist	Person who learns about the past by digging up artefacts and studying them.
Settlement	A place where a group of people live together in many buildings.
Hunter gatherer	People who found their food by hunting animals or gathering nuts and berries.
Flint	A type of stone that can be shaped into blades, knives and spears for hunting
Tribes	A group of people that live together for protection

Stone Age Knowledge Organiser

The Stone Age:

Lasted a very long time. It began about 2.7 million years ago when the first humans started to make tools out of stone. The first people came to Britain in around 900,000 BC and marked the start of **Palaeolithic** Britain.

Skara Brae



Stone Henge



Chronology	Events or dates in the order they happened.
Ancestors	Relatives from long ago.
Archaeologist	People who study the past by examining remains and objects.
Nomadic	Travelling from place to place
Scavenging	Searching for something
Permanent	Lasting forever
Predators	Animals that kill and eat other animals.
Consequence	Result or effect.
Climate	Weather conditions of a place.
Historical sources	Things that give information about the past.

